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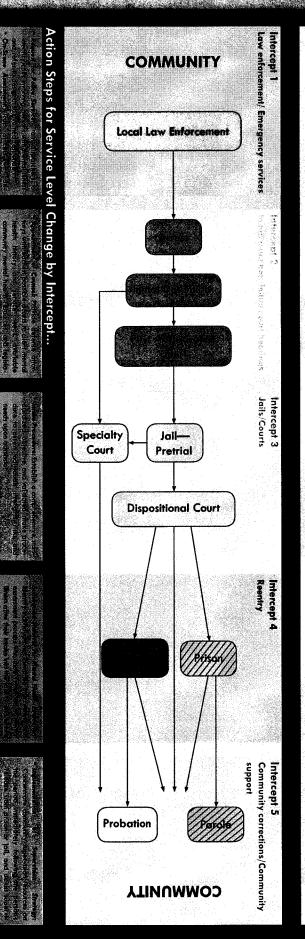
Actions for State Level Change...

- Develop a statewide effort to provide Crisis Intervention Training for police as done in OH, AZ

 Pass legislation encouraging fail diversion programs as done in FL, MI, IN, CT, TX
- Facilitate changes at the State level to allow the retention of Medicaid or SSI eligibility to supposion in jall rather than termination, as done in Lane County, OR
- Remove constraints that exclude persons formerly incarcerated from housing or services; make criminal justice clients a priority for housing, as done in MD
- Expand access to evidence-based programs in community-based services for people with mental illness in contact with the justice system
- Create criminal justice priority eligibility group without "netwidening" or limiting services to others; for instance, by using HUD funds for housing and Justice Assistance Grants (JAG)
- Provide access to comprehensive and integrated freatment programs for persons with mental illness and co-occurring substance use disorders diverted or released from the criminal justice system
- Legislare task forces/commissions made up of mental health, substance abuse, and criminal justice stakeholders to legitimize addressing the issues as done

h TX, AZ, CA

- Utilize the State planning process to integrate mental health, substance abuse, and criminal justice; identify incentives to get stakeholders in each system to the
- Support training programs that focus on cross-systems collaboration and provide opportunities for using people with mental illness as cross-trainers



President's New Freedom Commission

as discussed in the report of the President's New President Commission. The Hullonal OANS Center for Systemic Counce for Judite-Irvelved People with Heatel Messe I committed to its good of transforming the radios desirary-additional, communitar-driven system of core agmented mental health system and developing a

LABORATOR MOISTA

stage of life has access to effective healment and and participating felly in the community. apports—essentials for living, working, learning, bitere when everyone with a mental illness at any than mental Mineson one delected early, and a Bassas can be prevented or cared, a futore nadd illness will recover, o future when special lle envision a laters when everyone with a

recommendations of the report, which prioritize the transformation of the mental health system to improve This visitor statement guides the six goals and tare, and Rederal levels effective other service delivery of the local, county

God in **Americans Understand That Mental** Health is Essential to Overall Health

State Plan

Mental Health Care is Consumer and Family Driven

Health &

Spal 3: Are Siminated Pisparties in Mental Health Services

Justice

- Assessment, and Referral to Services ty Mental Health Screening,
- Delivered and Research is Accelerated Exceptions Measted Health Care is

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Subcommittee Report on Criminal Justice

on criminal justice déveloped a discussion paper that outlines ley issues and policy options The Prevident's New Previden Commission on Montal Realth appointed 1,5 subjournitiess to useful in its review of the nation's meaned health service delinery gystem. The subcommittee for consideration for offenders with mental lithesses.

Three Major Responses Are Needed:

- Diversion programs to keep people with serious neared Blusses who do not need to be in the criminal parice system in the community.
- hallutional services to provide constitutionally adequate services in corrections system because of the severity of the crime. facilities for people with serious mental linesses who need to be in the criminal justice
- Resetry transition programs to link people with serious markel liberary to community-based services when they are discharged.

www.mentalhealthcommission.gov For more information, please visit:

ABOUT THE CENTER

in program development. The GAINS Center is funded by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health health, substance abuse, and criminal justice systems. The GAINS Center focuses on the application of is a resource and technical assistance center for state planning and coordination among the mental The National GAINS Center for Systemic Change for Justice-Involved People with Mental Illness Associates, Inc., of Delmar, NY. Services Administration's Center for Mental Health Services and is operated by Policy Research science to services and the documentation and promotion of evidence-based and promising practices

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The National

for Systemic **GAINS** Center

Change for Justice-

Justice-Involved People with Mental Illness Systemic Change for

Involved People

with Mental Illness



Developing a

Comprehensive

GAINS

for Monta

onal



Strategic Plan Collaboration of DOC/DPHHS December 1, 2006



Introduction:

The Departments of Corrections and Public Health and Human Services have embarked on a collaborative effort to bridge needed services for a very vulnerable and difficult to manage population. These large departments have identified that they lack a consistent treatment strategy and modality across their two systems for offenders with serious mental illness and/or co-occurring substance use disorders.

In July 2006, the two departments jointly hired the state's first Behavioral Health Program Facilitator to act as a liaison between these two culturally diverse departments. This position has been created to assist the movement of offenders through the criminal justice, mental health and substance abuse treatment systems; facilitate communication between the DOC and DPHHS, and to ensure the lasting, systemic change policymakers will need to improve upon initial cooperative efforts, begin to collaborate and, ultimately, enter into partnerships.

Mission Statements

Department of Corrections

The Montana Department of Corrections enhances public safety, promotes positive change in offender behavior, reintegrates offenders into the community and supports victims of crime.

Department of Public Health & Human Services

Our mission is to improve and protect the health, well-being, and self-reliance of all Montanans.

> Addictive and Mental Disorders Division

The mission of the Addictive and Mental Disorders Division (AMDD) of the Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services is to implement and improve an appropriate statewide system of prevention, treatment, care, and rehabilitation for Montanans with mental disorders or addictions to drugs or alcohol.

Children's Mental Health Bureau

The Child and Family Services Division (CFSD) is a part of the Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services. Its mission is to keep Montana's children safe and families strong.

Points in Common

- IMPROVE Rehabilitation/positive behavior change
- INCLUDE All Montanans/Into the Community
- PROTECT Keep Children Safe/enhance public safety/support victims
- PROGRESS protect the health/self reliance/enhance/improve/prevent

Purpose:

The failure of these systems to connect effectively endangers lives, wastes money, and threatens public safety – frustrating crime victims, consumers, family members and communities in general. A shared and consistent treatment modality will support and enable diversion from secure correctional facilities and inpatient mental health facilities; and will provide linkages for appropriate aftercare services upon discharge.

Offenders with mental illness typically face these challenges:

- 1. They have psychiatric illnesses and substance abuse disorders that can helped by the provision of appropriate treatment and rehabilitation services, but are often not connected with community based health care service providers
- 2. They frequently lack basic life skills, such as the ability to socialize and maintain relationships with others. Acquiring these skills is essential in fostering recovery from mental disorders.
- 3. They are commonly disconnected from family, the community, and other forces that motivate pro-social behavior and provide support when people's resources are inadequate.
- 4. They suffer the double-stigma of having a mental illness and being a criminal offender.

Nationally, approximately 16% of persons in the custody of Departments of Corrections have a serious mental illness; and more than 75% of offenders with a mental illness also have a co-occurring substance use disorder. The Montana Departments of Corrections and Public Health and Human Services recognize that they often have a shared client base. This joint initiative seeks to improve outcomes for these shared clients.

Successful partnerships depend on relationships between individuals. It is crucial, however, that the leaders of collaborative efforts make an effort to institutionalize their partnership, ensuring its longevity beyond their own tenure. To that end, the Department of Corrections and the Department of Public Health and Human Services have identified the following key areas to be impacted by this collaborative effort: Shared Planning, Shared Communications & Information, Shared Resources and Shared Treatment Methods.

Accomplishments to Date for the period July - December, 2006

The two departments have completed the following:

- Hired a joint FTE the Behavioral Health Program Facilitator (BHPF)
- Held more than 15 joint meetings with Directors of DOC & DPHHS; and/or Division Administrators of Addictive & Mental Disorders Division (DPHHS), Health, Planning & Information Services (DOC); direct supervisors of Behavioral Health Program Facilitator
- Conducted planning and goal setting discussions for development of this strategic plan for the collaborative effort
- Created a joint program at Montana Chemical Dependency Center (MCDC) to address the substance abuse treatment needs of offenders supervised on probation and at risk for revocation to a secure correctional facility. Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) signed by both Directors October 11, 2006. Four of eight beds available were utilized within the first month.
- Developed a program overview for STEP (Secure Treatment & Examination Program); designed to serve as a secure treatment facility for individuals who have been charged and/or convicted of criminal offenses and sentenced to either DOC or DPHHS for examination, treatment, incarceration or custody. MOU signed by both departments on November 6, 2006 and budget proposal included in Governor Schweitzer's 2008-09 Budget.
- Begun planning for a specialized training curriculum for Probation and Parole Officers to address the supervision challenges of working with offenders who have a serious mental illness and/or co-occurring substance use disorder.
- The Mental Health Oversight Advisory Council (subcommittee on Criminal Justice) created a list of recommendations for several state agencies. The recommendations for DOC were presented by Chairwoman Waterman to the Corrections Advisory Council September 7, 2006.
- Worked on several individual cases for transition planning
- DOC/Montana State Prison (MSP) discharge planner joins Montana State Hospital Admission, Discharge Review Team (ADRT) meetings & Community Program Officers of AMDD join MSP discharge planning meetings
- Panel discussion on Corrections & Mental Health at the Conference on Mental Illness with Director Ferriter (DOC), Dr. Schaefer (MSP), Michelle Money, Brian Garrity & Deb Matteucci (BHPF)

Guiding Principles

- The joint efforts of the DOC & DPHHS will seek to improve outcomes for shared clients: offenders with serious mental illness and/or co-occurring substance use disorders.
- > The purpose of health care services for offenders with mental illness should always be to maximize their potential for living and functioning effectively in the community.
- Mental health services targeting the co-morbidity of severe mental illnesses with alcohol and drug use disorders are a priority.
- Cultural differences are considered in the identification of need and the provision of mental health services.

Long Term Goals of the Joint Initiative

Shared Planning

GOAL: Joint planning and evaluation of services for offenders with mental illness occurs between the two departments

GOAL: Transitions among programs and into the community are seamless and well integrated with regard to mental disorder and addiction treatment services.

Shared Communications & Information

GOAL: Communication between the two departments is clear, consistent and reaches to all levels of staff and programs

GOAL: Process and outcome data points have been jointly defined, commissioned, collected and analyzed to evaluate the impact of services provided by the collaborating agencies to the target population.

Shared Resources

GOAL: Programs for offenders with mental illness are designed to utilize shared assets between the two departments and provide for efficient use of limited resources

GOAL: A formal inventory exists of all services available to the target population, including those outside the scope of the collaborative initiative. Partner agencies have coordinated their response to gaps in service capacity and identified opportunities to guide the initiative with current services or supports

> Shared Treatment Methods

GOAL: To create consistent, evidence based treatment methods across systems between the Department of Corrections and the Department of Public Health and Human Services

Shared Planning

LIMELINE	January 1 2007	July 1, 2008	July 1, 2008	January 1, 2009	July 1, 2007		July 1, 2007
RESPONSIBLE PARTY	Behavioral Health Program Facilitator (BHPF)	BHPF; Director DOC; Director DPHHS	Fiscal staff; OBPP	Fiscal staff; grant writers, BHPF		Community Program Officers; Community based service providers	AMDD Trainers, Community Corrections Division
ACTION STEP	1.1.1 First draft of Strategic Plan to be completed	1.1.2 Final draft of Strategic Plan to be signed by both Department Directors	1.2.1 Identify administrative barriers that may prevent development of a shared budget.	1.2.2 Research funding opportunities	2.1.1 Hold joint discharge planning meetings with DOC & DPHHS clinical staff and institutional probation and parole	officers	2.1.2 – Train Institutional Probation & Parole, discharge planners and case managers in the SOAR program (SOAR=SSI & SSDI Outreach, Access & Recovery)
OBJECTIVES	for the delivery of services to persons who have been criminally charged and/or convicted and who	disorder	1.2 To create a shared program budget for collaborative diversion and/or reentry projects or pilot programs		2.1 To offer coordinated discharge plans for offenders with mental illness that integrates with	accessible and appropriate community based services	
LONG TERM GOAL	1. Joint planning and evaluation of services for offenders with mental illness occurs between				2. Transitions among programs and into the community are seamless	and well integrated with regard to mental disorder and addiction treatment services.	

Shared Communications & Information

IIMELINE	January 1, 2007	Ongoing: submit 3 – 4 per year as space allows	Ongoing	Quarterly
RESPONSIBLE PARTY	Meeting coordinator for MHOAC & CAC	BHPF, Information Officers DOC & DPHHS, departmental staff	Training Officers, Information Officers, Division Administrators	ВНРГ
ACTION STEP	3.1.1 Include cross report on agenda for each council.	3.2.1 Develop articles for inclusion	3.3.1 Develop joint training calendar and expand distribution lists for course announcements	3.4.1 Schedule quarterly meetings with Directors
OBJECTIVES	3.1 Routine and consistent reporting occurs between the Corrections Advisory Council (CAC) and the Mental Health Oversight & Advisory Council (MHOAC)	3.2 Department newsletters carry articles about shared clients or programs	3.3 All continuing education & training on behavioral health issues will be cross promoted and attended by staff from both departments	3.4 Establish routine meeting schedule for Department Directors, Behavioral Health program facilitator, and Division administrators
LONG TERM GOAL	3. Communication between the two departments is clear, consistent and reaches to all levels of staff and programs			

Monthly	5 July 1, 2007	September 1, 2007	January 1, 2008	August 1, 2008
BHPF	BHPF, Director DOC; Director DPHHS, Division Administrators AMDD & HPIS	IT Staff – DOC & DPHHS	BHPF	BHPF, IT Staff DOC/DPHHS
3.4.2 Schedule monthly meetings with division administrators: DOC-Health, Planning & Info Services; DPHHS – AMDD	4.1.1 Identify desired data set for tracking, reporting and future planning	4.1.2 Count of existing databases and information stored that match identified data set	4.1.3 Draft information sharing plan is created	4.1.4 Data sharing needs compiled and submitted in final report to Directors
	4.1 A needs analysis of department information sharing will be conducted. An initial draft plan of how to improve the flow of	information between the departments will be submitted.		
	4. Process and outcome data points have been jointly defined, collected	and analyzed to evaluate the impact of services provided by the collaborating agencies to	the target population.	

Shared Resources

TIMELINE	July 1, 2006	July 1, 2006	April 2007	January 2007
RESPONSIBLE PARTY	DPHHS & DOC Directors	Legal Dept DOC & DPHHS, Directors DOC & DPHHS	Governor's Office, 2007 Legislature, Directors DOC & DPHHS, BHPF, Administrator MSH, Wardens MSP/MWP	Directors DOC & DPHHS, Administrator AMDD, Administrator MCDC, Community Corrections Division, BHPF
ACTION STEP	5.1.1 Budget request submitted and FTE secured	5.1.2 Draft Memorandum of Understanding to address coordination between DOC & DPHHS for shared employee	5.2.1 Completion of planning for STEP program at Warm Springs Campus	5.2.2 Implementation of Probation Intervention Program at Montana Chemical Dependency Center (MCDC)
OBJECTIVES	5.1 Create and provide financial support for joint shared position: Behavioral Health Program Facilitator to serve as Boundary	Spanner between DOC & DPHHS	5.2 Identify existing programs within DPHHS that may serve offenders with serious mental illness in both secure and community settings	
LONG TERM GOAL	5. Programs for offenders with mental illness are designed to utilize shared assets	between the two departments and provide for efficient use of limited resources		

						· · · · · · ·	
January 1, 2008		July 1, 2008			January 1	2009	
Grant writers DOC & DPHHS, Fiscal service staff, MT Board of Crime Control		BHPF, Administrators AMDD, HPIS			Contractor, BHPF,	Administrators AMDD, HPIS	
6.1.1 identify funding for asset mapping activity		6.1.2 Solicit proposals for collection of information			6.1.3 Draft report of service availability and Contractor, BHPF,	gaps in service area	
6.1 Statewide asset mapping is conducted for all behavioral health services. both miblicly funded and	private. Service gaps are identified through multiple perspectives to	include: geographic, economic, eligibility criteria workforce	shorages, provider capacity and others				
6. A formal inventory exists of all services available to the target	population, including those outside the scope	or the contaborative initiative. Partner	agencies nave coordinated their	response to gaps in service capacity and	identified opportunities	to guide the initiative with current services or	supports

Shared Treatment Methods

TIMELINE	January 2008	January 2009	July 2007
RESPONSIBLE PARTY	Division Administrators AMDD, HPIS	Division Administrators AMDD, HPIS	Co-Occurring Task Force
ACTION STEP	7.1.1 Identify current screening and assessment tools and protocols used between departments	7.1.2 Identify current treatment methods/modalities and compare between departments	7.1.3 Promote co-occurring initiative and provide training on delivery of this treatment modality
OBJECTIVES	7.1 Align treatment methods utilized by clinicians, when appropriate, between DOC &DPHHS		
LONG TERM GOAL	7. To create consistent, evidence based treatment methods across systems between DOC & DPHHS		





MENTAL HEALTH OVERSIGHT ADVISORY COUNCIL

MISSION: PARTNERS IN PLANNING FOR A RECOVERY-BASED MENTAL HEALTH SYSTEM THROUGHOUT MONTANA

Mignon Waterman, Chair Barbara Hogg Vice-Chair

PO Box 202905 Helena, MT 59620-2905

August 21, 2006

Joan Miles
Director, Department of Public Health and Human Services

Senator John Cobb Chairperson, Legislative Finance Committee

We, the members of the Mental Health Oversight and Advisory Council have been studying the criminal justice system as it pertains to the mental health care of people in Montana. The Council recently ranked the criminal justice system as one of their top three priorities. We have identified some disturbing trends, problems, and needs. We realize that the criminal justice system has been put under significant stress by our current societal problems and we believe that those who serve in this system are doing the best they can with limited resources.

We are also impressed and heartened by the high priority this administration, you and your staff has placed on mental health. Please understand that the recommendations are not meant as criticism of the outstanding public service those within your division and within the criminal justice system provide. Rather, we present these recommendations as part of our statutory duty to "review and advocate for persons with mental illness." In some cases, we believe our recommendations may prevent some individual from entering the criminal justice system.

We respectfully request that you make the appropriate administrators aware of the Council's concerns and recommendations. The concerns are listed categorically under organizations, associations, or individuals that may be able to respond.

- I. Department of Public Health and Human Services
 - 1. The Council applauds Addictive and Mental Disorders Division's (AMDD) commitment to work with the Department of Corrections in the development of the Behavioral Health Program Facilitator position. We understand that the position is designed to serve as a liaison between the Department of Public Health and Human Services and the Department of

Corrections. Furthermore, the Council is excited about the recent hiring of Deb Matteucci as the Behavioral Health Program Facilitator. The Council recommends that this position be responsible for developing better services for seriously mentally ill individuals under the Department of Corrections, developing alternative placement for non-violent offenders who are seriously mentally ill, developing a pre-release center for seriously mentally ill offenders, and developing more community services for the seriously mentally ill offender who is being released. The Council recommends that this position serve as the chairperson of the Building Bridges committee.

- 2. The Council applauds AMDD and other department employees in the support of a Special Needs Offender Unit at Montana State Hospital. The Council recommends that this Unit be developed quickly based on the Legislature's directive to the Department of Corrections and appropriation of funds. The Council recommends that the unit specifically serve seriously mentally ill individuals in the correctional system. The Council recommends adequate professional staffing patterns with a full commitment to treating those with serious mental illness.
- 3. The Council applauds the Department's consideration of a comprehensive state wide crisis evaluation and stabilization system. The Council recommends that this system account for the needs for the seriously mentally ill individual who is being investigated, apprehended, or detained by law enforcement professionals. In keeping with the Crisis Intervention Team/Memphis Model, the Council recommends that the crisis system include regional facilities where teams could place seriously mentally ill individuals who have violated the law or created a disturbance. The placement would be a diversion from county jail with a focus on assessment and treatment of the mental illness. The Council also recommends that the crisis system include services to those in county jails, which are often challenged to obtain adequate crisis intervention services.
- 4. The Council has identified an increasing need to develop a system to identify seriously mentally ill offenders who are going to jail, are in jail, or are leaving jail. The Council recommends the development of an early warning system with the intention of providing for mental health treatment needs, which may in turn prevent relapse and enhance recovery.
- 5. The Council recommends that the Montana State Hospital reconsider the appropriateness of transferring patients from the hospital to the prison when they are perceived to have received the full benefit from the hospital's services. The Council is concerned about the detrimental impact of the prison environment and the potential for relapse. The Council recommends that hospital and prison administrators develop

alternative placements that protect the mental health of these patients, possibly in the soon to be developed Special Needs Offenders Unit.

II. Department of Corrections

- 1. The Council applauds the Department of Correction's commitment to developing the Behavioral Health Program Facilitator position. We understand that the position is designed to serve as a liaison between the Department of Public Health and Human Services and the Department of Corrections. Furthermore, the Council is excited about the recent hiring of Deb Matteucci as the Behavioral Health Program Facilitator. The Council recommends that this position be responsible for developing better services for seriously mentally ill individuals under the Department of Corrections, developing alternative placement for non-violent offenders who are seriously mentally ill, developing a pre-release center for seriously mentally ill offenders, and developing more community services for the seriously mentally ill offender who is being released. The Council recommends that this position serve as the chairperson of the Building Bridges committee.
- 2. The Council applauds the Department of Corrections' commitment to develop a Special Needs Offender Unit at Montana State Hospital. The Council recommends that this Unit be developed quickly based on the Legislature's directive and appropriation of funds. The Council recommends that the unit specifically serve seriously mentally ill individuals in the correctional system. The Council recommends adequate professional staffing patterns with a full commitment to treating those with serious mental illness. If the Unit cannot be placed on the Montana State Hospital campus, we recommend that the Department quickly develop an alternative site, possibly close to a city with professional resources.
- 3. The Council has identified a need to improve mental health staffing patterns and services in all DOC facilities in order to meet the standards of care developed by the National Commission on Correctional Health Care. The Council recommends obtaining legislative approval to hire or contract for more direct care mental health professionals at the Montana State Prison, Montana Women's Prisons, and the regional prisons. The Council recommends improving the mental health staffing patterns at contracted prisons by developing contracts that specifically require minimal mental health staffing patterns and services.
- 4. The Council supports the Department's application for the federal grant under the Mentally Ill Offender Treatment and Crime Reduction Act. The Council believes the focus of this initiative, and the money, may help the Department divert seriously mentally ill offenders from the prison system.

- 5. The Council has identified a need for offenders with a serious mental illness to be given the same opportunities as those without mental illness to participate in a pre-release center. The Council recommends that the Department consider designating a certain number of beds in a pre-release for offenders with a serious mental illness. The Council recommends that this pre-release have the appropriate number of professional mental health staff to help meet these needs. It would also be beneficial to have a mental health case manager assigned to these individuals. For persons accepted into this placement, participation in community mental health programs and reasonable accommodation regarding fulltime work should be available.
- 6. The Council respectfully requests an annual report from the Department of Correction specifying the following:
 - a. Current populations by facility
 - b. Current mental health staffing by facility
 - -number and types of professionals
 - -number who are licensed
 - c. Current caseload of seriously mentally ill offenders by facility
 - -total number
 - -number in each major diagnostic category
 - -number on psychotropic medicine
 - -number on which major categories of psychotropic medicine
 - d. Current types of mental health treatment available by facility
 - e. Number of suicides in the prior year by facility
 - f. Number of mental health related lawsuits in the prior year.
 - g. A course description and outline of the mental health training provided to correctional and support staff by facility.
 - h. Current health care or correctional organization/association certifications.
 - i. Detailed plan to improve the mental health services provided to offenders in the next year.
- 7. The Council is aware that the Department of Corrections serves a population with a high rate of both mental illness and chemical dependency. The Council invites the Department of Corrections to join the Department of Public Health and Human Services in adopting co-occurring model of care. Department of Corrections staff members are eligible for training offered by the Department of Health and Human Services.
- 8. The Council recommends that the Department of Corrections develop a specialized pre-service and in-service training program for correctional, parole, and probation officers who supervise seriously mentally ill offenders in institutions or in the community.

- 9. The Council recommends that the Department of Corrections attempt to collaborate more with the county jails in order to obtain crucial mental health care information, identify "at-risk" individuals, and coordinate continuity of mental health care.
- 10. The Council recommends that the Department of Corrections consider methods for managing offenders who need to be segregated in a manner that will reduce the probability of mental health problems. A recent report completed by prison monitoring expert Dr. Harr offers some helpful suggestions.

III. Chief Law Enforcement Office Montana Law Enforcement Academy

- 1. The Council has identified a significant need for improvement in the training of police, detention, and correctional officers in the identification and appropriate management of persons with serious mental illness. The Council recommends initial and comprehensive training at the MLEA as well as on-going in-service training. The Council would like the opportunity to review the training curriculum and offer suggestions.
- 2. The Council recommends that Montana develop Crisis Intervention Teams (CIT) based on the Memphis model in order to more appropriately respond to persons with serious mental illness who have disturbed the peace or violated the law. This model focuses on developing teams made up of mental health crisis workers and police officers, designed to reduce the risk to officers as well as the individual being apprehended. AMDD, NAMI-Helena, and the Board of Crime Control have funded and led two training sessions at the Montana Law Enforcement Academy.

IV. Attorney General's Office County Attorney Offices Public Defender's Office

- 1. The Council acknowledges the research that has identified a disturbing trend towards the criminalization of individuals with mental illness who have violated the law. The Council recommends that individuals with mental illness be diverted from incarceration into treatment. Federal grant money may assist with this goal (Mentally Ill Offender Treatment and Crime Reduction Act).
- 2. The Council recommends a systematic training program designed to improve awareness and identification of serious mental illness in those being charged with legal offenses. The Council recommends offering this training to county sheriffs, county attorneys, judges, public defenders, and

- others with a need to know this information in order to consider alternatives to incarceration.
- 3. The Council recommends that Montana establish more treatment courts.

 These treatment courts can develop plans that protect the public while also providing co-occurring treatment to the offender. The Council recommends consideration of community based services and sentences that promote recovery from co-occurring disorders.
- V. Sheriff's and Peace Officers Association Montana Association of Counties County Jail Administrators
 - 1. The Council is concerned about the increasing number of seriously mentally ill individuals being incarcerated in county jails. The Council recommends the pursuit of funding in order to hire professional mental health staff to address the needs of this population. The Council is particularly concerned with meeting the standards of care for jails as determined by the National Commission on Correctional Health Care. These standards call for routine mental health services, not just crisis services. Routine screening, assessment, and treatment are essential services for those in county jail. The Council is particularly concerned with the high suicide rate in county jails and recommends that each jail have a comprehensive suicide prevention program based on NCCHC standards. The National Institute of Corrections and National Association on Mental Illness may help provide educational and financial resources towards these goals.
 - 2. The Council recommends that each county jail have a program to increase the awareness of serious mental illness among detainees. This should include specific training in the identification of signs of mental illness and suicide risk.
 - 3. The Council is concerned about the practices of those prescribing psychotropic medicines to individuals in county jails, where the potential for abuse of medicine is high, and the call for "chemical restraints" may seem attractive. The Council recommends that those who prescribe psychotropic medicine in county jails be required to attend training provided Dr. Ken Minkoff or a similarly qualified professional. This training has been sponsored by the Department of Public Health and Human Services and is designed to enhance sensitivity to co-occurring disorders and promote recovery for those with mental health and substance abuse problems.

VI. Governor's Office

1. The Council recommends that you consider amending the mental health code so that the Mental Disabilities Board of Visitor's "powers and duties" include the responsibility and authority to review the treatment of people with mental illnesses who are inmates in state correctional facilities. The Council would encourage additional staff to provide this additional oversight.

Our Council stands ready to discuss these recommendations or to assist anyone in implementing them. Thank you for your consideration.

Respectfully,

Mignon Waterman Chairperson Mental Health Oversight and Advisory Council

C: Anna Whiting-Sorrel